TITLE 5

Public Safety

Chapter 1	Law Enforcement
Chapter 2	Fire Protection
Chapter 3	Fire Prevention Code; Hazardous Materials
Chapter 4	Regulation of Private Alarm Systems
Chapter 5	Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service

CHAPTER 1

Law Enforcement

- 5-1-1 Organization of Police Department
- 5-1-2 Records and Reports
- 5-1-3 General Powers of Police Officers
- 5-1-4 Responsibilities of Chief of Police
- 5-1-5 Rules and Policies for the Police Department
- 5-1-6 Maintenance of Personnel Records and Performance Evaluations
- 5-1-7 Police Chief's Responsibility for Training
- 5-1-8 Civilians to Assist
- 5-1-9 Hearing Authorities for Suspension or Removal of Law Enforcement Officers

SEC. 5-1-1 ORGANIZATION OF POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The Village of Colfax Police Department shall consist of a Chief of Police and such other officers, assistants and patrolmen as from time to time may be appointed by the Village Board pursuant to the provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes.

SEC. 5-1-2 RECORDS AND REPORTS.

- (a) **Monthly Reports.** The Chief of Police shall give a monthly general report to the Village Board of all activities of the Department during the preceding month.
- (b) **Police Records.** There shall be kept by the Department a suitable record in which shall be entered the name of every person arrested in the Village, the name of the person making the arrest, the date and cause of the arrest, the Court from which the warrant was issued, the disposition made of the case, the amount of fine and costs paid and to whom paid, bond posted, and all complaints in full.

SEC. 5-1-3 GENERAL POWERS OF POLICE OFFICERS.

Every member of the Police Department shall:

- (a) Familiarize himself with the ordinances of the Village and the Statutes and attend to the enforcement of such ordinances by all lawful means.
- (b) Help prevent crimes, misdemeanors and violations of Village ordinances and protect the health, safety, public peace and order of the Village and its inhabitants.
- (c) Report all street and sidewalk obstructions, unlighted street lamps, unlawful street signs or signals, and defective or dangerous streets and sidewalks to the appropriate person or organization responsible for their repair or service.
- (d) Maintain order at the scene of a fire or any other fire response within the Village.
- (e) See that the necessary permits and licenses issued by the State or Village are in the possession of or properly displayed by any person engaged in an activity or business within the Village for which such permit or license is required and that the terms of such permits or licenses are complied with.
- (f) Perform such other lawful duties as ordered by the Chief of Police or his/her authorized representative.

SEC. 5-1-4 RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHIEF OF POLICE.

- (a) **Duties.** In addition to the duties imposed upon him elsewhere in this Code of Ordinances, the Chief of Police shall:
 - Have command of the Police Department on administrative matters, subject to the direction of the Village Board.
 - (2) Cause to be maintained accurate records of complaints, crimes, traffic accidents, ordinance violations, arrests, summons, incidents, and calls for police service and shall provide a system of periodic summary and analysis to ensure the most efficient and effective deployment and use of the Department's resources. The Chief of Police shall submit or cause to be submitted to the various agencies such reports and summaries as are required by State Statutes or ordinances and shall participate in voluntary programs designed to improve law enforcement and public safety.
 - (3) Submit such reports and comply with such administrative procedures as may be prescribed by the Village Board relative to fiscal and administrative matters.
 - (4) Submit such reports and/or information and comply with such policies as may be prescribed by Village Board.
 - (5) Have control of the assignment, hours of duty, and transfer of all members of the Department.
 - (6) Plan, organize, staff, direct, and control all of the human and material resources of the Department for the most effective and efficient discharge of its duty to protect persons and property, preserve the peace, protect the rights of citizens and enforce the Wisconsin Statutes and the ordinances of the Village as are within its jurisdiction. He/she shall supervise the preparation and presentation of annual reports and budgets for the Police Department. He/she shall be required to certify to the correctness of all bills incurred by the Department.
 - (7) Strive to maintain suitable, productive relationships with other Village departments and with other governmental agencies and private organizations concerned with law enforcement, crime prevention, administration of justice

and public safety. He/she shall cooperate and exchange information with other Village departments in matters relating to their various functions.

- (8) Plan and execute programs designed to prevent and repress crime, apprehend and prosecute offenders, recover property, and regulate non-criminal conduct, giving highest priority in the allocation of resources to crime and other offenses most hazardous to life and property.
- (b) **Custody of Department Equipment.** The Chief of Police shall be the custodian of all Village property, equipment and supplies under the control of, or used by, the Police Department and shall be responsible for the care, maintenance, safeguard-ing and accurate records of such property, equipment, and supplies.
- (c) Custody of Department Property. The Chief of Police shall be the custodian of all property and shall be responsible for the safekeeping, lawful disposition and accurate record of the same. He/she shall see that all property is returned to its lawful owner or otherwise disposed of according to the applicable statutes.

SEC. 5-1-5 RULES AND POLICIES FOR THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The Chief of Police shall establish and promulgate Rules of Conduct, Directives and Policies and Procedures and prescribe such duties for individual members as he/she may deem necessary for the effective and efficient command and operation of the Department; provided no such Rules of Conduct, Directive or Policy Procedure duties or assignment shall be in conflict with the statutes, ordinances and approved Village personnel rules and regulations.

SEC. 5-1-6 MAINTENANCE OF PERSONNEL RECORDS AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS.

The Chief of Police shall cause to be maintained adequate personnel records of employment, assignment, promotions, attendance, performance and training for all members of the Department. The Chief of Police shall also comply with all provisions of the Law Enforcement Standards Board in regard to background investigations. The Chief of Police shall keep himself/herself adequately informed of the activities of the Department and be assured that the duties of his/her subordinates are properly discharged. The Chief of Police shall formulate procedures for recognizing outstanding performance by Department members for investigating complaints of misconduct by any Department member and for taking appropriate disciplinary action subject to the provisions of the applicable statutes, Rules of the Department and the jurisdiction of the Village Board.

SEC. 5-1-7 POLICE CHIEF'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRAINING.

The Chief of Police is responsible for the training of all members of the Department. The Chief of Police shall cause adequate and progressive programs of training to be organized and conducted to prepare Department members in the knowledge, procedures, and techniques of their duties and responsibilities. The Chief of Police will insure that, within budgetary limitations, members of the Department attend training courses, seminars, and conferences necessary to maintain and improve their job skills and professional knowledge. The Chief of Police shall encourage Department members to further their education in Law Enforcement through study, special courses, college attendance, extension programs, and independent readings.

SEC. 5-1-8 CIVILIANS TO ASSIST.

All persons in the Village, when called upon by any police officer or peace officer, shall promptly aid and assist him in the execution of his/her duties and whoever shall neglect or refuse to give such aid or assistance shall be subject to the general penalty as provided in Section 1-1-6 of this Code of Ordinances.

SEC. 5-1-9 HEARING AUTHORITIES FOR SUSPENSION OR REMOVAL OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.

- (a) Pursuant to Sec. 62.13(6m), Wis. Stats., the Village may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce or remove any police chief or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary unless the Village follows the procedure under Sec. 62.13(5), Wis. Stats. To act under this Subsection in place of the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners under Sec. 62.13(1) through (6), Wis. Stats., the Village may do either of the following:
 - (1) Establish a committee of not less than three (3) members, none of whom may be an elected or appointed official of the Village or be employed by the Village. The Village shall pay each member for the member's cost of serving on the committee.
 - (2) Send a written request for a hearing examiner to the division of hearings and appeals under Sec. 15.103(1), Wis. Stats. The Village shall reimburse the state for the state's costs under this paragraph.
- (b) The provisions of this Section, required by Sec. 61.65(1)(am), Wis. Stats., first applies to law enforcement officers, when such officers are subject to a collective bargaining agreement which is in conflict with the statutory requirements, but which is still in effect on April 9, 1986, only after the expiration date of such agreement.

Fire Protection

- 5-2-1 Fire Department Organization; Goals of the Department
- 5-2-2 Impeding Fire Equipment Prohibited
- 5-2-3 Police Power of the Department; Investigation of Fires
- 5-2-4 Damaging Fire Hose Prohibited; Parking by Hydrants; Blocking Fire Lanes
- 5-2-5 Firefighters May Enter Adjacent Property
- 5-2-6 Duty of Bystanders to Assist
- 5-2-7 Vehicles to Yield Right-of-Way
- 5-2-8 Interference with Use of Hydrants Prohibited
- 5-2-9 Open Burning

SEC. 5-2-1 FIRE DEPARTMENT ORGANIZATION; GOALS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

- (a) Fire Department Recognized. The Colfax Community Fire Department, a fire district, is officially recognized as the Fire Department serving the Village of Colfax, and the duties of firefighting and fire prevention in the Village are delegated to such Department. The Colfax Community Fire Department shall be responsible for the program of fire defense for the citizens and property within the Village of Colfax.
- (b) Appropriations. The Village Board shall appropriate funds for Fire Department operations and for such apparatus and equipment for the use of the Fire Department as the Board may deem expedient and necessary to maintain efficiency and properly protect life and property from fire.
- (c) Goals of the Fire Defense Program.
 - The primary objective of the fire defense program is to serve all citizens, without prejudice or favoritism, by safeguarding, collectively and individually, their lives against the effects of fires and explosions.
 - (2) The second objective of the fire defense program is to safeguard the general economy and welfare of the community by preventing major conflagrations and the destruction by fire of industries and businesses.
 - (3) The third objective of the fire defense program is to protect the property of all citizens against the effects of fire and explosions. All property deserves equal protection regardless of location or monetary value.
- (d) Organization. The Colfax Community Fire Department shall be organized and governed pursuant to its bylaws.

SEC. 5-2-2 IMPEDING FIRE EQUIPMENT PROHIBITED.

No person shall impede the progress of a fire engine, fire truck or other fire apparatus of the Colfax Community Fire Department along the streets or alleys of such Village at the time of a fire or when the Fire Department of the Village is using such streets or alleys in response to a fire alarm or for practice.

SEC. 5-2-3 POLICE POWER OF THE DEPARTMENT; INVESTIGATION OF FIRES.

- (a) **Police Authority at Fires.**
 - (1) The Chief and assistants or officers in command at any fire are hereby vested with full and complete police authority at fires. Any officer of the Department may cause the arrest of any person failing to give the right-of-way to the Fire Department in responding to a fire.
 - (2) The Fire Chief may prescribe certain limits in the vicinity of any fire within which no persons, excepting firemen and policemen and those admitted by order of any officer of the Department, shall be permitted to come.
 - (3) The Chief shall have the power to cause the removal of any property whenever it shall become necessary for the preservation of such property from fire or to prevent the spreading of fire or to protect the adjoining property, and during the progress of any fire he shall have the power to cause the removal of all wires or other facilities and the turning off of all electricity or other services where the same impedes the work of the Department during the progress of a fire
- (b) Fire Inspection Duties.
 - (1) The Fire Chief, or his designee, shall be the Fire Inspector of the Village of Colfax and shall have the power to appoint one or more deputy Fire Inspectors and shall perform all duties required of the Fire Inspectors by the laws of the State and rules of the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations, particularly Sec. 101.14, Wis. Stats.
 - (2) While acting as Fire Inspector pursuant to Sec. 101.14(2), Wis. Stats., the Fire Chief, or any officer of the Fire Department designated by the Fire Chief, shall have the right and authority to enter any building or upon any premises in the Village of Colfax at all reasonable hours for the purpose of making inspections or investigations which, under the provisions of this Code of Ordinances, he may deem necessary. Should the Fire Inspector find that any provisions of this Code relating to fire hazards and prevention of fires are being violated, or that a fire hazard exists which should be eliminated, it shall be his/her duty to give such directions for the abatement of such conditions as he/she shall deem necessary and, if such directions be not complied with, to report such noncompliance to the Village Board for further action.
 - (3) The Chief of the Fire Department is required, by himself/herself or by officers or members of the Fire Department designated by him/her as fire inspectors, to inspect all buildings, premises and public thoroughfares, except the interiors of private dwellings, for the purpose of ascertaining and causing to be corrected any conditions liable to cause fire, or any violations of any law or ordinance relating to the fire hazard or to the prevention of fires. Such inspections shall be made at least once in six (6) months in all of the territory served by the Fire Department, and not less than once in three (3) months in such territory as the Village Board has designated or thereafter designates as within the Village or as a congested district subject to conflagration, and oftener as the Chief of the Fire Department orders. Each six (6) month period shall begin on January 1 and July 1, and each three (3) month period on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year.
 - (4) Written reports of inspections shall be made and kept on file in the office of the Chief of the Fire Department in the manner and form required by

the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations. A copy of such reports shall be filed with the Fire Chief.

State Law Reference: Section 101.14(2), Wis. Stats.

SEC. 5-2-4 DAMAGING FIRE HOSE PROHIBITED; PARKING BY HYDRANTS; BLOCKING FIRE LANES.

- (a) **Driving Over Fire Hose.** No person shall willfully injure in any manner any hose, hydrant or fire apparatus belonging to the Colfax Fire Department, and no vehicle shall be driven over any unprotected hose of the Fire Department when laid down on any street, private driveway or other place, to be used at any fire or alarm of fire, without the consent of the Fire Department official in command.
- (b) **Parking Vehicles Near Hydrants.** It shall be unlawful for any person to park any vehicle or leave any object within ten (10) feet of any fire hydrant at any time.
- (c) No Parking Near Fire. It shall be unlawful for any person, in case of fire, to drive or park any vehicle within one block from the place of fire without the consent and authority of the Fire Chief or any police officer.

SEC. 5-2-5 FIREFIGHTERS MAY ENTER ADJACENT PROPERTY.

- (a) Entering Adjacent Property. It shall be lawful for any fireman while acting under the direction of the Fire Chief or any other officer in command to enter upon the premises adjacent to or in the vicinity of a building or other property then on fire for the purpose of extinguishing such fire and in case any person shall hinder, resist or obstruct any firefighter in the discharge of his/her duty as is hereinbefore provided, the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of resisting firemen in the discharge of their duty.
- (b) **Destruction of Property to Prevent the Spread of Fire.** During the progress of any fire, the Fire Chief or his/her assistant shall have the power to order the removal or destruction of any property necessary to prevent the further spread of fire; provided that it is inevitable that, unless such property is removed, other property is in danger of being destroyed by fire.

SEC. 5-2-6 DUTY OF BYSTANDERS TO ASSIST.

Every person who shall be present at a fire shall be subject to the orders of the Fire Chief or officer in command and may be required to render assistance in fighting the fire or in removing or guarding property. Such officer shall have the power to cause the arrest of any person or persons refusing to obey said orders.

SEC. 5-2-7 VEHICLES TO YIELD RIGHT-OF-WAY.

Whenever there shall be a fire or fire alarm or the Fire Department shall be out for practice, every person driving or riding in a motorized or other vehicle shall move and remain to the side of the street until the fire engine and fire truck and other fire apparatus shall have passed.

ſ

INTERFERENCE WITH USE OF HYDRANTS PROHIBITED. SEC. 5-2-8

No person shall occupy any portion of such streets or alleys with a motorized or other vehicle between such fire engine or fire truck or other fire apparatus or any hydrant to which a fire hose may be, or may be about to be, attached.

SEC. 5-2-9 **OPEN BURNING.**

- (a) Open Burning Prohibited. No person shall kindle, or cause to be kindled any fire in or upon any street, alley, public way, park or any public or private ground within the Village of Colfax, whether the fire is contained in any barrel, can, or other devise or in the open. No person, firm or corporation shall build any outdoor fire within the corporate limits of the Village of Colfax excepting as set forth below in this Section. This prohibition on burning includes burning of construction waste and debris at construction sites.
- (b) Exceptions.
 - Outdoor cooking over a fire contained in a device or structure designed for (1)such use is permissible;
 - Controlled burning of grass or similar vegetation for environmental manage-(2) ment purposes, with the prior written approval of the Fire Chief, or his/her designee, may be permitted; this exception is not to be used for the burning of grass, leaves or other lawn debris;
 - Ceremonial campfire or bonfires, with prior written approval of the Fire (3) Chief, or his designee, may be permitted.
 - Other occasions of desirable outdoor burning not specified by this Sub-(4) section, but not as an alternative to refuse removal or disposal of which other methods are available, may be granted single occasion approval as in Subsections (b)(2) and (3) above.
 - Open burning when a permit is issued pursuant to Subsection (c) below. (5)

(c) Application for Permit.

- Procedure for Issuance of Burning Permit. A person may burn grass, brush (1)or dilapitated buildings only with a written permit issued by the Fire Chief. Before the setting or starting of any open burning permitted under this Section, a permit authorizing the burn shall be first obtained by the owner, operator, or agent from the Fire Chief or from such other person as may be authorized or designated by the Fire Chief to issue such permits. Application for a burning permit shall be made in writing upon a form furnished by the Fire Chief. The Fire Chief may also establish from time to time special rules or restrictions relating to open burning by permit. Such rules may govern conditions including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
 - Hours when burning is allowed; a.
 - Day(s) when burning is allowed; b.
 - Material which may or may not be burned; c.
 - Whether open burning is allowed or whether burning is only allowed d. with an approved incinerator or burning device;
 - The length of time the permit is valid; e.
 - What constitutes an approved burning device or incinerator; f.
 - The size of the material pile burned by open burning;
 - g. h. The distance or distances to be maintained between the material being burned and other flammable material;

- i. Supervision required for burning, including minimum age of supervisors and type of fire extinguishing equipment which must be present at the burn site;
- j. The manner in which ashes created by the burning under the permit are to be disposed of.
- (2) <u>Issuance Of Permit</u>. If the Fire Chief, or other person authorized or designated by the Fire Chief to issue such permits, finds that the proposed burning complies with all Village ordinances and the regulations contained in Ch. ILHR 14, Wis. Adm. Code, he/she shall approve the application, and a burning permit shall be subsequently issued to the applicant. A copy of any burning permit, and the application therefore, shall be kept on file with the Fire Chief. No burning permit issued shall be valid for more than thirty (30) days from the date when issued.
- (d) **Open Burning Regulations.** The following regulations shall be applicable when an open burning permit has been issued:
 - (1) All open burning conducted pursuant to a permit shall be performed in a safe, pollution-free manner, when wind and weather conditions are such as to minimize adverse affects, and in conformance with local and state fire protection regulation. Open burning permits shall not be used to covertly burn plastic, construction debris or other prohibited materials.
 - (2) The size of the pile of material to be burned shall not exceed four (4) feet in any direction measured horizontally, or three (3) feet measured vertically. The Fire Chief may, however, grant an exception to this size limit for unique open burning situations; the Fire Chief may attach conditions to such exception in order to provide proper safeguards.
 - (3) The pile of material being burned shall be at least fifty (50) feet away from any structure, wood or lumber pile, wooden fence, trees, or bushes. Provisions shall be made to prevent the fire from spreading to within fifty (50) feet of such items or the fire shall otherwise be contained in an approved incinerator or burner device which is located at least fifteen (15) feet from any structure, wood or lumber pile, wooden fence, trees, or bush(es).
 - (4) Any ashes created by burning such material as is lawful under this Section are to be disposed of in a manner authorized by law.
 - (5) Open burning shall be constantly attended and supervised by a competent person of at least sixteen (16) years of age until such fire is extinguished. This person shall have readily available for use such fire extinguishing equipment as may be necessary for the total control of the fire while burning and/or extinguishing such fire.
 - (6) No material's may be burned upon any street, curb, gutter, or sidewalk.
 - (7) Permits shall not be issued for burning barrels.

State Law Reference: Chapter ILHR 14, Wis. Adm. Code.

Fire Prevention Code; Hazardous Materials

- 5-3-1 Adoption of State Codes
- 5-3-2 Disclosure of Hazardous Materials and Infectious Agents; Reimbursement for Clean-up of Spills
- 5-3-3 Recovery of Costs of Extinguishing and Cleaning Up Fires Involving Hazardous Materials

SEC. 5-3-1 ADOPTION OF STATE CODES.

The following Orders, Rules and Regulations of the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations, all of which are set forth in the Wisconsin Administrative Code as from time to amended, are incorporated herein by reference and adopted as part of this Fire Prevention Chapter:

- (a) Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 1; Safety.
- (b) Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 5; Explosives and Blasting Agents.
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 7; Cleaning and Dyeing. (c)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 8; Flammable and Combustible Liquids. (d)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 9; Liquified and Petroleum Gases. (e)
- (f) Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 14; Fire Protection.
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 20; Dusts, Fumes, Vapors and Gases. Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 21; Spray Coating.
- (g) (h) (i)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 35; Safety in Construction.
- (j) (k) Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 43; Anhydrous Ammonia Code.
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 50; Administration and Enforcement.
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 51; Definitions and Standards. (1)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 52; General Requirements. (m)
- (n)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 53; Structural Requirements. Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 54; Factories, Office and Mercantile Buildings. (0)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 55; Theatres and Assembly Halls. (p)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 56; Schools and Other Places of Instruction.
- (q)(r)Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 57; Apartment Buildings, Hotels and Places of Detention.
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 58; Health Care, Detention and Correctional Facilities. (s)
- (t)Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 59; Hazardous Occupancies.
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 60; Child Day Care Facilities. (u)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 61; CBRF. (v)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 62; Specialty Occupancies. (w)
- Wis. Adm. Code Ch. ILHR 64; Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning. (x)
- (\mathbf{v}) Wisconsin Electrical Code.

SEC. 5-3-2 DISCLOSURE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND INFECTIOUS AGENTS; REIMBURSEMENT FOR CLEAN UP-OF SPILLS

(a) Application.

- All persons, firms or organizations using, researching or producing hazard-(1)ous materials and/or infectious agents shall notify the Fire Department as prescribed by this Section.
- (2)The provisions of this Section shall apply to all persons, firms or organizations using, researching, producing or storing hazardous materials and/or infectious agents on and after the effective date of this Section.

(b) Definitions.

- (1)"Infectious agent" is a bacterial, mycoplasmal, fungal, parasitic or viral agent known to cause illness in humans which is used, researched, produced or stored within or on premises.
- "Hazardous materials" are those materials that can cause death or disabling (2)injury from brief exposure; those materials that could cause a lost-time injury from exposure; and those materials that could cause temporary disability or injury without permanent effects which are used, researched, produced or stored within or on premises except those household consumer products used at the point of consumption and not used for commercial or experimental purposes. This definition of hazardous materials shall include radioactive materials.

(c) Information Required.

- Any person, firm or organization using, researching, producing and/or (1)storing any hazardous materials shall provide in writing to the Fire Department, Police Department and Civil Defense Director the following information:
 - Address, location of where hazardous materials are used, researched, a. stored or produced;
 - The trade name of the hazardous material: b.
 - The chemical name and any commonly used synonym for the hazardous C. material and the chemical name and any commonly used synonym for its major components;
 - The exact locations on the premises where materials are used, d. researched, stored and/or produced;
 - Amounts of hazardous materials on premises per exact location; e.
 - The boiling point, vapor pressure, vapor density, solubility in water, f. specific gravity, percentage volatile by volume, evaporation rate for liquids and appearance and odor of the hazardous material;
 - The flashpoint and flammable limits of the hazardous substance;
 - g. h. Any permissible exposure level, threshold limit value or other established limit value for exposure to a hazardous material;
 - The stability of the hazardous substance; i.
 - Recommended fire extinguishing media, special firefighting procedures 1. and fire and explosion hazard information for the hazardous material;
 - Any effect of over-exposure to the hazardous material, emergency and k. first aid procedures and telephone numbers to call in an emergency;
 - Any condition or material which is incompatible with the hazardous Ι. material and must be avoided.
 - Any personal protective equipment to be worn or used and special m. precautions to be taken when handling or coming into contact with the hazardous materials:
 - n. Procedures for handling or coming into contact with the hazardous materials.

- (2) Any person, firm or organization using, researching, producing and/or storing infectious agent and/or carrier of an infectious agent shall provide in writing to the Fire Department the following:
 - a. The name and any commonly used synonym of the infectious agent;
 - b. Address/location where infectious agents are used, researched, stored and/or produced;
 - c. The exact locations where infectious agents are used, researched, stored and/or produced;
 - d. Amount of infectious agent on premises per exact locations;
 - e. Any methods of route of transmission of the infectious agents;
 - f. Any symptoms of effect of infection, emergency and first aid procedure and a telephone number to be called in an emergency;
 - g. Any personal protective equipment to be worn or used and special precautions to be taken when handling or coming in contact with the infectious agent;
 - h. Procedure for handling, clean-up and disposal of infectious agents leaked or spilled.
- (d) Reimbursement for Cleanup of Spills. Any person who possesses or controls a hazardous material or infectious agent which was discharged or caused the discharge of a hazardous material or infectious agent shall reimburse the Village for actual and necessary expenses incurred by the Village or its agent to contain, remove or dispose of the hazardous substance or infectious agent or take any other appropriate action which is deemed appropriate under the circumstance.

SEC. 5-3-3 RECOVERY OF COSTS.

- (a) Every person, firm or corporation using, storing, handling or transporting flammable or combustible liquids, chemicals, gasses or other hazardous materials shall comply with the requirements of Chapter ILHR 8, Wis. Adm. Code, as the same is now in force and may hereafter from time to time be amended.
- (b) Every person, firm or corporation using, storing, handling or transporting (whether by rail or on the highways) flammable or combustible liquids, chemicals, gasses or other hazardous materials shall be liable to the Village for the actual cost of labor and materials associated with the use of any specialized extinguishing agent, chemical, neutralizer or similar material or equipment employed to extinguish, confine or clean up any such hazardous material which is involved in any accidental spill or in threat of any fire or accidental spill.

Regulation of Private Alarm Systems

- 5-4-2 Declaration of Purpose
- 5-4-3 Definitions
- 5-4-4 Administrative Rules
- 5-4-5 Automatic Dialing Devices
- 5-4-6 Direct Connections to the Police Department
- 5-4-7 Testing
- 5-4-8 Notification
- 5-4-9 Fee for Answering Alarms
- 5-4-10 Village Liability
- 5-4-11 Permits for Private Alarm Systems
- 5-4-12 Revocation of Permits

SEC. 5-4-1 TITLE.

This Chapter shall be known as the Village of Colfax Alarm Systems Ordinance.

SEC. 5-4-2 DECLARATION OF PURPOSE.

The purpose of this Chapter is to provide minimum standards and regulations applicable to burglar, fire and holdup alarm systems, alarm business and alarm users. Both society in general and public safety in particular will be aided by providing a useful and usable system of private security which properly balances quick response by law enforcement with minimization of law enforcement time spent on alarms which are false or otherwise not the intended function of private security systems.

SEC. 5-4-3 DEFINITIONS.

Within this Chapter, the following terms, phrases and words and their derivations have the meaning given herein.

- (a) The term "alarm business" means any business in which the owners or employees engage in the activity of altering, installing, leasing, maintaining, repairing, replacing, selling, or servicing alarm systems.
- (b) The term "alarm system" means an assembly of equipment and devices or single device such as a solid state unit which plugs directly into 110-volt AC line or otherwise receives electrical energy arranged to signal the presence of a hazard requiring urgent attention and to which the Police or Fire Department is expected to respond. In this Chapter, the term "alarm system" shall include the terms "automatic holdup alarm systems," "burglar alarm systems," "holdup alarm systems" and "manual holdup alarm systems" as those terms are hereinafter defined, and fire alarm systems which monitor temperature, humidity or any other condition directly related to the detection of fire. Excluded from this definition and from the coverage of this Chapter are alarm systems used to alert or signal persons within the premises in which the alarm system is located of an attempted, unauthorized intrusion or holdup attempt or fire.

- (c) The term "annunciator" means the instrumentation of an alarm console at the receiving terminal of a signal line through which both visual and audible signals show when an alarm device at a particular location has been activated or which, in the event of malfunction, may also indicate line trouble.
- (d) The term "answering service" refers to a telephone answering service providing among its services the service of receiving on a continuous basis through trained employees emergency signals from alarm systems, and thereafter immediately relaying the message by live voice to the dispatch center of the Police or Fire Department.
- (e) The term "automatic dialing device" refers to an alarm system which automatically sends over regular telephone lines by direct connection or otherwise a prerecorded voice message or coded signal indicating the existence of the emergency situation that the alarm system is designed to detect.
- (f) the term "automatic holdup alarm system" means an alarm system in which the signal transmission is initiated by the action of the robber.
- (g) The term "manual holdup alarm system" refers to an alarm system in which the signal transmission is initiated by the direct action of the person attached or by an observer thereof.
- (h) The term "burglar alarm system" refers to an alarm system which signals an entry or attempted entry into the area protected by the system.
- (i) The term "direct connect" means an alarm system which has the capability of transmitting system signals to the Police or Fire Department.
- (j) The term "false alarm" means the activation of an alarm system through mechanical failure, malfunction, improper installation or the negligence of the owner or lessee of an alarm system or of his employees or agents or other undetermined cause. False alarm does not include alarms caused by tornadoes or other violent climatic conditions.
- (k) The term "interconnect" means to connect an alarm system to a voice grade telephone line, either directly or through a mechanical device that utilizes a standard telephone, for the purpose of using the telephone line to transmit an emergency message upon the activation of the alarm system.
- (1) The term "central station" means an office to which remote alarm and supervisory signaling devices are connected, where operators supervise the circuits.
- (m) The term "primary trunk line" means a telephone line leading directly into the dispatch center of the Police or Fire Department that is for the purpose of handling emergency calls on a person-to-person basis and which is identified as such by a specific number included among the emergency numbers listed in the telephone directory or numbers in sequence therewith.
- (n) The term "subscriber" means a person who buys or leases or otherwise obtains an alarm system and thereafter contracts with or hires an alarm business to monitor and/or service the alarm system.

SEC. 5-4-4 ADMINISTRATIVE RULES.

The Chief of Police shall promulgate such rules as may be necessary for the implementation of this Chapter. Such rules shall require the approval of the Village Board and shall be open to inspection by the public.

SEC. 5-4-5 AUTOMATIC DIALING DEVICES.

No person shall interconnect any automatic dialing device to a Police or Fire Department primary trunk line. No person shall permit such devices, which were installed prior to the effective date of this Chapter, to remain interconnected from any property owned or controlled by that person. Such devices may be connected to a central station or an answering service. Relaying messages so received to the Police or Fire Department shall only be done person to person on the telephone line.

SEC. 5-4-6 DIRECT CONNECTIONS TO THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Direct connections to the Police or Fire Department are prohibited, but may be authorized pursuant to the direct connection policies of each Department, a copy of which is on file with the Chief of Police and Fire Chief.

SEC. 5-4-7 TESTING.

- (a) No alarm business or alarm system designed to transmit emergency messages to the Police Department shall be tested or demonstrated without prior notification and approval of the Police Department dispatcher. Alarm businesses or alarm system owners or lessors will be advised on proper test procedure.
- (b) No alarm system relayed through intermediate services to the Police Department will be tested to determine the Police Department's response without first notifying the appropriate authority. However, the Police Department may inspect or test on-site alarm systems authorized under this Chapter.
- (c) Alarm systems shall be in compliance with all pertinent response policies of the Police Department.

SEC. 5-4-8 NOTIFICATION.

When the service provided by an alarm business to its subscribers is disrupted for any reason by the alarm business or the alarm business becomes aware of such disruption, it shall promptly notify its subscribers by telephone that protection is no longer being provided. If, however, the alarm business has written instructions from its subscriber not to make such notification by telephone during certain hours, the alarm business may comply with such instructions.

SEC. 5-4-9 FEE FOR ANSWERING ALARMS.

- (a) **Generally.** Each false alarm requires response of public safety personnel, involves unnecessary expense to the Village, increases the risk of injury to persons or damage to property and dilutes the overall public safety protection to the Village. Such false alarms constitute a public nuisance and must be abated.
- (b) Intentional. No person shall intentionally cause the activation of a burglar/fire alarm device knowing that no criminal activity, fire or other emergency exists.
- (c) False Alarms; Administrative Charges. Any person, business, corporation or other entity having permissible alarm system with alarm device(s) at one or more locations in accordance with this Chapter shall pay to the Village a charge for false alarms responded to by the Police or Fire Department according to the following schedule for each calendar year for each location connected, separate accounts to be kept for false alarms as to criminal activity and false alarms for fire or other emergencies:

- (1) Responded to by Police Department:
 - a. First two (2) false alarms for a location No Charge \$25.00 Third (3rd) false alarm per location b. \$35.00 Fourth (4th) false alarm per location c. \$45.00
 - d. Fifth (5th) false alarm per location
 - Sixth (6th) and subsequent false alarm per location \$65.00 e.
- All false alarms responded to by Fire Department firefighting personnel and (2)apparatus, in addition to a police response:
 - a. First two (2) false alarms for a location

\$100.00

Third (3rd) and subsequent false alarm per location. b. This subsection is intended to impose a strict liability on the person, business, corporation or other entity responsible for alarm connection to either the police alarm panel or to alarm receiving firm to which the Police or Fire Department have responded and shall be applied regardless of the cause of the false alarm excepting those alarms excluded from the definition of "False Alarm." Failure to pay such administrative charge(s) in and of itself shall constitute a violation of this Section, and such charge(s) shall be collectible as a forfeiture upon prosecution and conviction thereof, together with an additional forfeiture(s) which may be imposed under the next Subsection (d) hereof for violation of this Section for allowing or maintaining condition(s) or act(s) violative of the intent of this Section of eliminating and minimizing the occurrence of false alarms, together with costs of prosecution.

- Other Violations. Any person, corporation or other entity violating this Chapter (d) in any manner, other than for collection of unpaid administrative charges treated in the preceding Subsection (a) of this Section, shall be subject to forfeiture as provided in Section 1-1-6 of this Code. When any premises located in the Village is owned, leased or occupied by two (2) or more persons as joint tenants, tenants in common, joint lessees, or in any other manner, each person shall see that the provisions of this Chapter are complied with, and each person may be subjected to a penalty on violation of this Section.
- Default of Payment for Forfeiture and/or Costs. On default of payment of (e) forfeiture and/or costs under the immediately preceding Subsections (ć) and/or (d), such person or responsible officer of the violating corporation or other entity shall be confined in the county jail until the same be paid but not to exceed a length of time specified by the court which length of time shall not exceed six (6) months. Upon nonpayment of the fee, the amount due may be placed on the tax roll as a special charge pursuant to Sec. 66.60(16), Wis. Stats.

SEC. 5-4-10 VILLAGE LIABILITY.

The Village of Colfax shall be under no duty or obligation to a subscriber or to any other person concerning any provision of this Chapter, including, but not limited to, any defects in an alarm system or any delays in transmission or response to any alarm; however, this in no way shall be construed that it is not the proper function of law enforcement to respond to alarms.

SEC. 5-4-11 PERMITS FOR PRIVATE ALARM SYSTEMS.

Permit Required. A permit is required for each private alarm system on premises (a) within the Village for the life of the alarm under the same owner. There shall be a Ten Dollars (\$10.00) permit fee.

No Charge

- (b) Interior Alarms. A permit under this Chapter is not required for an alarm system which gives a signal, visual or audible or both, solely within the interior of the building in which it is located.
- (c) Issuing Authority. The Police Chief shall issue the permits and collect the fees.
- (d) **Application.** Application for permit required under this Chapter shall be filed with the Police Chief. The Police Chief shall prescribe the form of the application and request such information as is necessary to evaluate and act upon the permit application. The Police Chief shall deny a permit if the alarm system for which it is sought does not comply with this Chapter.
- (e) Appeal. Any person required by this Chapter to have a permit who has been denied such a permit by the Police Chief shall have a right to appeal that decision to the Village Board. The procedure for this appeal shall be as set forth in Section 5-4-12.

SEC. 5-4-12 REVOCATION OF PERMITS.

- (a) **Hearing.** Before a permit issued pursuant to this Chapter may be revoked, a hearing shall be held before the Police Chief. Notice setting forth the time, place and nature of the hearing shall be sent by mail or delivered to the permittee at the address shown on the permit application not less than seven (7) days prior to the hearing.
- (b) Grounds for Revocation. The Police Chief may revoke a permit on the following grounds:
 - (1) The application for a permit contains a false statement of a material fact.
 - (2) A licensee has repeatedly failed to comply with the provisions of this Chapter.
 - (3) An alarm system repeatedly actuates false alarms.
- (c) Appeals. Any permittee may appeal the decision of the Police Chief by filing a written notice of appeal with the Police Chief within ten (10) days after the decision. Such appeal shall be heard by the Village Board within thirty (30) days after filing the appeal. The Village Board may affirm, amend or reverse the decision or take other action deemed appropriate. An appeal timely taken suspends the revocation until the Village Board gives its decision. The Police Chief shall give written notice of the time and place of the hearing to the appellant by certified mail or personal delivery not less than seven (7) days before the hearing. In conducting the hearing, the Village Board shall not be limited by the technical rules of evidence.

Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service

- 5-5-1 Management and Membership
- 5-5-2 Supervisor of Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service
- 5-5-3 Supervisor Assistant (Trainer)
- 5-5-4 Ambulance Drivers
- 5-5-5 Training and Expenses

SEC. 5-5-1 MANAGEMENT AND MEMBERSHIP.

- (a) **Designation.** The Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service is hereby designated as a Department of the Village of Colfax, Dunn County, Wisconsin.
- (b) Membership. The members of the Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service shall consist of qualified persons that meet the applicable State and Federal Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) basic requirements.
- (c) Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service to Be Regulated. The Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service shall be regulated by the provisions of this Chapter, medical control, state and federal regulations, and rules adopted by the Village Board.

SEC. 5-5-2 SUPERVISOR OF RESCUE SQUAD AND AMBULANCE SERVICE.

- (a) Selection and Qualifications. The Supervisor of the Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service shall be appointed by the Village Board. The person shall be qualified in the same manner as members. This last requirement may be waived at the discretion of the Village Board.
- (b) Duties and Powers. The Supervisor shall have general supervision of the Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service personnel, apparatus, and equipment subject to the ordinances of the Village and other rules adopted by the Village Board. The Supervisor shall maintain the books of account of said Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service and attend to such other clerical duties as the need arises. The Supervisor shall:
 - Keep an accurate record of all receipts and disbursements of funds on behalf of said Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service.
 - (2) Submit all proposed expenditures, charges, invoices, etc. to the Board for approval.
 - (3) Be responsible for all driver logs and personnel files.
 - (4) Present to the Village Board a summary report monthly and a detailed report quarterly.
 - (5) Prepare and submit in writing prior to September 30th of each year a detailed operating budget for the coming year.
 - (6) All cash flow shall be paid to the office of the Village Treasurer and deposited in the account of the Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service.
 - (7) The Supervisor shall be paid yearly at a rate to be determined by the Village Board.

SEC. 5-5-3 SUPERVISOR ASSISTANT (TRAINER).

(a) **Selection and Qualifications.** The person shall be qualified in the same manner as members, be selected by EMT membership and approved by Village Board.

(b) Duties and Powers.

- (1) Conduct training sessions at regular monthly meetings and be overseer of physical operations of ambulance service.
- (2) Attend special training sessions that relate to supervisors' duties.
- (3) Notify EMTs of training classes, location, and set up registration.
- (4) Maintain training records of EMTs and make sure all requirements of EMTs are up to date.
- (5) Assist supervisor as needed on special projects, purchasing of equipment and general maintenance of said equipment.
- (6) Assistant Supervisor shall be paid yearly at a rate to be determined by the Village Board.

SEC. 5-5-4 AMBULANCE DRIVERS.

- (a) (1) Drivers shall be selected by EMTs making run.
 - (2) Drivers should have completed defensive driving course if possible.
- (b) Rate of pay for drivers and EMTs will be set through committee and approved by Village Board for regular ambulance runs, false alarms, no loads, and other types of reimbursements paid annually based on the number of calls performed.

SEC. 5-5-5 TRAINING AND EXPENSES.

All EMTs taking required, ongoing, updating, and prior approved training shall be reimbursed for said training and expenses. Any member of the Colfax Rescue Squad and Ambulance Service who becomes an instructor shall be reimbursed for his/her training and expenses as approved by the Village Board.